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Scientists

# Regulation Compliance Report Run-on and Run-off Control Plan

Pleasant Prairie Power Plant Ash Landfill Pleasant Prairie, Wisconsin

#### Submitted to:

WEC Energy Group – Business Services 333 W. Everett Street, A231 Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53203

#### Submitted by:

GEI Consultants, Inc. 3159 Voyager Drive Green Bay, Wisconsin 54311 920.455.8200

June 2022, Revision 2 Project 2103683

John M. Trast, P.E., D.GE. Vice President

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# **Table of Contents**

<u>1.</u>	Introduction	1
2.	Storm and Stormwater Volume Determination	2
3.	Run-on Control System	3
4.	Run-off Control System	4
5.	Conclusion and Certification	5
6.	References	6

#### **Tables**

2-1 Summary of Rainfall Precipitation and Runoff Volume Data

#### **Appendices**

Appendix A Drawings

Appendix B NOAA 14, Vol. 8 Rainfall Analysis and Run-off Volume

Appendix C FEMA National Flood Insurance Rate Maps

Appendix D Stormwater Run-off Calculations

#### **Revision Schedule**

Revision 0 October 2016

- Revision 1 October 2021: This plan was updated in accordance with § 257.81(c)(4) which required the owner or operator of the CCR unit to prepare periodic run-on and run-off control system plans every five years. Updated the existing site conditions and engineering calculations.
- Revision 2 June 2022: Update of the October 2021 Run-on and Run-off Control Plan. This plan was updated in accordance with § 257.81(c)(2) which required the owner or operator of the CCR unit to amend the plan whenever there is a change in conditions that would substantially affect the written plan in effect. The landfill is now closed. The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources approved the construction documentation report on June 17, 2022.

#### WSR:cah

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# 1. Introduction

WEC Energy Group (WEC) owns and operates a solid waste disposal facility adjacent to the Pleasant Prairie Power Plant (PPPP) in Section 9, Township 1 North, Range 22 East, in the village of Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha County, Wisconsin. The landfill property is bounded on the north by State Highway 50 (75th Street), on the south by Bain Station Road, and on the east and west by active rail lines. The WEC PPPP Ash Landfill is regulated as an industrial waste landfill by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) under the provisions of Chapter 289 Wisconsin State Statues, and all applicable requirements of Chapters NR 500 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code. The design, construction, operation, closure, and post-closure care requirements are specified in the WDNR conditionally approved Plan of Operations, License No. 2786, FID# 230056310. PPPP consists of one cell that went into operation during the 4th Quarter of 2014. Under normal conditions and circumstances, nearly 100 percent of CCR generated at the PPPP was beneficially used. Disposal activities at the landfill were generally limited to CCR system cleanings during PPPP outages and other special events. PPPP ceased commercial operation in early 2018. Final cover was installed over the eastern 2.6 acres of Cell 1 in 2018, the middle 3.2 acres of final cover was installed in 2020, and the final western 1.3 acres of final cover was installed over the landfill in 2021. The landfill began the 40-year long-term care period with the issuance of the Phase 3 Documentation Report approval from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources dated June 17, 2022.

In addition to the state regulations, the landfill is also required to comply with 40 CFR Part 257 Subpart D – *Standards for Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals in Landfills and Surface Impoundments* and is defined as a CCR unit and existing CCR landfill in accordance with § 257.53.

This report fulfills the requirements of § 257.81 - Run-on and run-off controls for CCR landfills for the PPPP Ash Landfill Cell 1. In accordance with 257.81(c)(1), this report describes how the run-on and run-off control systems have been designed and constructed to meet the applicable requirements and are supported by appropriate engineering calculations. This report has been updated to reflect the final closure of PPPP Ash Landfill Cell 1.

This run-off and run-on system control plan includes the following sections:

Section 1 – Introduction

Section 2 – Storm and Stormwater Volume Determination

Section 3 – Run-on Control System

Section 4 – Run-off Control System

Section 5 – Conclusion and Certification

Section 6 – References

# 2. Storm and Stormwater Volume Determination

§ 257.81 *Run-on and run-off controls for CCR landfills* requires that the owner or operator of an existing or new CCR landfill or any lateral expansion of a CCR landfill must design, construct, operate, and maintain a run-on control system to prevent flow onto the active portion of the CCR unit during the peak discharge from a 24-hour, 25-year storm; and a run-off control system from the active portion of the CCR unit to collect and control at least the water volume resulting from a 24-hour, 25-year storm.

PPPP Ash Landfill Cell 1 is approximately 7.1 acres in total size. At the date of this report, all 7.1 acres have received final cover, no active portions of the landfill exist, and any precipitation that falls on the final cover system is directed away from the closed landfill. Approximately 2.04 acres of land to the south of the covered waste also need drainage, bringing the total to 9.14 acres of run-off. This report documents the adequacy of the closed landfill stormwater management system to properly collect and control run-off flows. Drawing 1 – Final Cover Grades (Appendix A), shows the documented final landfill grades as of December 8, 2021.

The rainfall depth estimate for a 24-hour, 25-year storm for the PPPP Ash Landfill was determined following the procedures outlined in Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2: Wisconsin. For the PPPP Ash Landfill a 24-hour, 25-year storm will result in 4.52 inches of rainfall. Calculations for determining the 24-hour, 25-year storm event are included in Appendix B: NOAA 14, Vol. 8 Rainfall Analysis and Runoff Volume.

Table 2-1 summarizes the storm recurrence interval, rainfall depth, lined area of the CCR landfill, and minimum stormwater volume required to be managed within Cell 1.

Table 2-1 Summary of Rainfall Precipitation and Run-off Volume Data

Storm Recurrence Interval	Rainfall Depth (inches)	Extents of Run-off (acres)	Run-off Volume (acre-ft)
24-hour, 25-year	4.52	9.14	3.44

# 3. Run-on Control System

§ 257.81(a)(1) requires a run-on control system to prevent flow onto the active portions of the CCR unit during the peak discharge from a 24-hour, 25-year storm. The federal rule defines "Run-on" as "any rainwater, leachate, or other liquid that drains over land onto any part of a CCR landfill."

Final cover was installed over the eastern 2.6 acres of Cell 1 in 2018, the middle 3.2 acres in 2020, and the final western 1.3 acres in 2021. Run-on control systems for PPPP Ash Landfill Cell 1 are not applicable to preventing flow onto active portions of the CCR during 24-hour, 25-year storm since there are no active portions of the landfill.

The perimeters on the north, west, and east sides of the landfill slope downward to convey stormwater away from the covered waste. Along the south side of the landfill, an intercell berm was constructed to prevent run-on from south of the landfill. A perimeter ditch along the outboard edge of the intercell berm directs run-on stormwater to the west and southwest away from the landfill as shown by the grades on Drawing 1 in Appendix A. Stormwater drainage in the perimeter ditch is then directed away from the landfill and eventually flows southward discharging to the unnamed tributaries of Jerome Creek.

Because Cell 1 is graded in such a way that does not allow run-on onto the cell, a HydroCAD model is not provided for this section. These features prevent run-on to the landfill system, so a numerical stormwater model was not completed to confirm that the current run-on control system for the closed landfill adequately manages a 24-hour, 25-year precipitation event. No active landfill surface is exposed to the atmosphere; therefore, contact stormwater cannot be generated.

The south side of the landfill, including the area permitted by the state of Wisconsin for future lateral expansion, is protected from the 1-percent-annual-chance or greater flood hazard by a levee system that has been accredited by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), as shown in Appendix D: FEMA National Flood Insurance Rate Maps. The floodplain levee was constructed to protect a portion of the permitted landfill space from being within the 100-year floodplain of the Unnamed Tributary No. 2 and No. 3 to Jerome Creek. Based on a review of current topography and FEMA Flood Levee Certification (GEI, 2013) the PPPP Ash Landfill has an acceptable run-on control system that follows current engineering standards and is in compliance with § 257.81(a)(1).

# 4. Run-off Control System

§ 257.81(a)(2) requires a run-off control system from the active portion of the CCR unit to collect and control at least the water volume resulting from a 24-hour, 25-year storm. The federal rule defines "Run-off" as "any rainwater, leachate, or other liquid that drains over land from any part of a CCR landfill."

A stormwater run-off model was completed to confirm that the current run-off control system for the operation of PPPP Ash Landfill Cell 1 can adequately manage a 24-hour, 25-year precipitation event of 4.52 inches. Stormwater flow was modeled using HydroCAD 10.0 to evaluate the landfill in its post-closure condition. The stormwater model details and run-off calculations are included in Attachment D – Stormwater Run-off Calculations.

Stormwater on the closed cell was divided into two subcatchments. The first consists of the northern 4.46 acres of final cover area and flow from here is directed away from the covered waste and is allowed to infiltrate into the ground. The second subcatchment includes the southern 2.64 acres of final cover and an additional 2.04 acres of conveyance ditch area. Run-off from here goes to the west outlet ditch which is directed southward away from the landfill discharging to unnamed tributaries of Jerome Creek.

Based on the analysis, the run-off control system for PPPP Ash Landfill Cell 1 is able to manage and control the run-off from a 24-hour, 25-year precipitation event. The estimated peak water level in the west conveyance channel is 0.94 feet. The minimum depth of the channel is 2 feet. Based on stormwater run-off analysis, the current run-off control system for Cell 1 will be able to handle the 24-hour, 25-year precipitation event without the west outlet ditch overflowing.

# 5. Conclusion and Certification

The PPPP Ash Landfill is regulated under 40 CFR Part 257 Subpart D as an existing CCR landfill. The rule specifies that an existing CCR landfill must develop plans to meet certain meet operating criteria designated by October 17, 2016, and that the owner or operator must also conduct and complete the assessments required by this section every five (5) years maximum based on the completion date of this plan. In addition, the written plan must be amended whenever there is a change in conditions that would substantially affect the current written plan. This revision is due to the closure of the landfill. The revised plan must be placed in the facility's operating record as required by §257.105(g). The owner or operator of the CCR unit must comply with the recordkeeping requirements specified in § 257.105(g), the notification requirements specified in § 257.106(g), and the internet requirements specified in § 257.107(g).

This report documents the PPPP Ash Landfill has an established run-on and run-off control system design capable of controlling the peak discharge from a 25-year, 24-hour storm event and complies with § 257.81 Run-on and run-off controls for CCR landfills. All leachate that is collected at the PPPP Landfill is hauled to the Kenosha Water Utility wastewater treatment facility; thus, it complies with § 257.3-3.

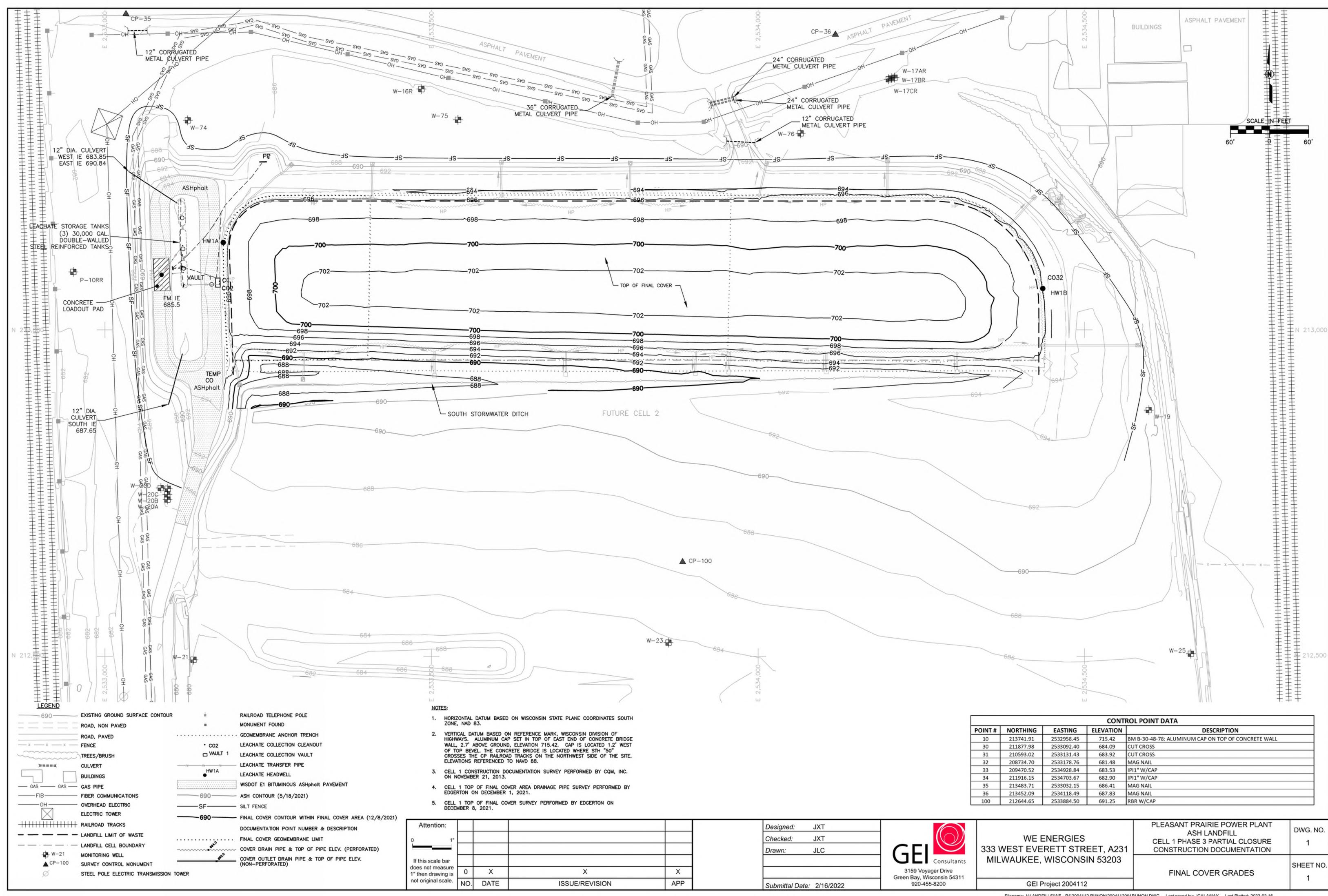
This plan was completed under the direction of John, M. Trast, P.E. I am a licensed professional engineer in the State of Wisconsin in accordance with the requirements of ch. A-E 4, Wisconsin Administrative Code; that this document has been prepared in accordance with the Rules of Professional Conduct in ch. A-E 8, Wisconsin Administrative Code; and that, to the best of my knowledge, all information contained in this document is correct and the document was prepared in compliance with all applicable requirements in 40 CFR Part 257 Subpart D.

# 6. References

- AECOM (2012). Plan of Operation Modification, Pleasant Prairie Power Plant Ash Landfill, WDNR License #2786; FID # 230056310, Pleasant Prairie, Wisconsin. April 4, 2012.
- GEI (2013). FEMA Floodplain Levee Certification. We Energies Pleasant Prairie Ash Landfill Floodplain Levee Certification, Pleasant Prairie, Wisconsin. June 5, 2013.
- Perica, S., D. Martin, S. Pavlovic, I. Roy, M. St. Laurent, C. Trypaluk, D. Unruh, M. Yekta, G. Bonnin (2013). NOAA Atlas 14 Volume 8 Version 2.0, *Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Midwestern States*. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland.

# **Appendix A**

# **Drawings**



# **Appendix B**

NOAA 14, Vol. 8 Rainfall Analysis and Run-off Volume

	<i>7</i> 4	Client	WEC Energy Gro	ир	Page	1 of 4		
GEI Consultants		Project	PPPP LF Run-on	and Run-o	Rev.	0		
		Ву	W. Reybrock	Chk.	A. Schwoerer	App.	A. Schwoerer	
		Date	02/18/2022	Date	02/23/2022	Date	02/23/2022	
GEI Project No. 210		103683	Document No.	N/A				
Subject NOAA 14, Vo		AA 14, Vol	l. 8 Rainfall Analys	is and Rur	n-off Volume			

### Purpose:

The purpose of this calculation is to estimate the 24-hr, 25-yr precipitation event at Pleasant Prairie Power Plant (PPPP) landfill. The 24-hr, 25-yr precipitation event is required for the run-on and run-off control system plan for the landfill.

#### **Procedure:**

The rainfall depth estimation follows the procedures outlined in Precipitation-Frequency (PF) Atlas of the United States (Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2: Wisconsin).

As instructed in Atlas 14, the user is referred to the NOAA Precipitation Frequency Data Server (PFDS) http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/index.html. The approximate center of the landfill was inputted into the PFDS and the PF estimates were returned.

#### **Landfill Centroid Coordinates**

42°33'53.64"N 42.5649° 87°54'6.84"W -87.9019°



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**GEI Project No.** 

Client	WEC Energy Gro	up	Page	2 of 4	
Project	PPPP LF Run-on a	and Run-of	Rev.	0	
Ву	W. Reybrock	Chk.	A. Schwoerer	Арр.	A. Schwoerer
Date	02/18/2022	Date	02/23/2022	Date	02/23/2022
103683	Document No.	N/A			

Subject NOAA 14, Vol. 8 Rainfall Analysis and Run-off Volume

# **Tabular Output from the PFDS:**

	PDS-based precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) <sup>1</sup>									
Duration					Average recurren					
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	<b>0.333</b> (0.266-0.415)	0.392 (0.313-0.488)	<b>0.491</b> (0.390-0.611)	<b>0.573</b> (0.453-0.716)	0.690 (0.529-0.879)	<b>0.782</b> (0.587-1.00)	0.875 (0.636-1.14)	0.971 (0.680-1.28)	<b>1.10</b> (0.743-1.48)	<b>1.20</b> (0.791–1.62)
10-min	0.488 (0.390-0.607)	0.575 (0.458-0.715)	<b>0.718</b> (0.571-0.895)	0.840 (0.664-1.05)	1.01 (0.775-1.29)	<b>1.14</b> (0.859-1.47)	<b>1.28</b> (0.932-1.67)	1.42 (0.995-1.88)	<b>1.61</b> (1.09-2.16)	<b>1.76</b> (1.16-2.38)
15-min	0.595 (0.475-0.740)	0.701 (0.559-0.872)	0.876 (0.696-1.09)	1.02 (0.810-1.28)	<b>1.23</b> (0.945-1.57)	1.40 (1.05-1.79)	<b>1.56</b> (1.14-2.03)	1.73 (1.21-2.29)	1.97 (1.33-2.64)	<b>2.14</b> (1.41-2.90)
30-min	0.831 (0.663-1.03)	0.982 (0.783-1.22)	1.23 (0.980-1.54)	<b>1.44</b> (1.14–1.80)	1.74 (1.34-2.22)	1.97 (1.48-2.53)	<b>2.21</b> (1.61-2.87)	<b>2.45</b> (1.72–3.24)	<b>2.78</b> (1.88-3.73)	3.03 (2.00-4.10)
60-min	1.04 (0.833-1.30)	<b>1.26</b> (1.01-1.57)	1.63 (1.29-2.03)	<b>1.93</b> (1.53–2.41)	<b>2.36</b> (1.81-3.02)	2.70 (2.03-3.47)	3.05 (2.22-3.97)	3.41 (2.39-4.50)	3.89 (2.63-5.22)	<b>4.26</b> (2.81-5.76)
2-hr	<b>1.26</b> (1.02–1.55)	<b>1.54</b> (1.24–1.90)	2.02 (1.62-2.49)	2.42 (1.94-2.99)	<b>2.99</b> (2.32–3.77)	3.43 (2.61-4.36)	3.89 (2.87-5.01)	4.36 (3.10-5.70)	5.00 (3.42-6.64)	<b>5.49</b> (3.67-7.35)
3-hr	1.38 (1.13-1.69)	1.71 (1.39-2.09)	<b>2.26</b> (1.83-2.76)	2.73 (2.20-3.35)	3.39 (2.66-4.26)	3.92 (3.00-4.95)	<b>4.46</b> (3.31–5.71)	5.02 (3.59-6.53)	<b>5.78</b> (4.00-7.64)	6.37 (4.30-8.48)
6-hr	1.66 (1.37-2.00)	<b>2.01</b> (1.66–2.43)	<b>2.62</b> (2.15–3.17)	3.15 (2.57-3.82)	3.92 (3.11-4.88)	<b>4.53</b> (3.53-5.68)	<b>5.18</b> (3.91-6.58)	5.86 (4.26-7.56)	6.80 (4.78-8.92)	<b>7.54</b> (5.16–9.94)
12-hr	<b>2.03</b> (1.69–2.41)	<b>2.34</b> (1.95–2.79)	<b>2.91</b> (2.41–3.47)	3.41 (2.82-4.09)	<b>4.18</b> (3.38–5.17)	<b>4.81</b> (3.81–5.98)	<b>5.49</b> (4.21-6.93)	<b>6.22</b> (4.61-7.98)	<b>7.26</b> (5.19–9.45)	8.09 (5.63-10.6)
24-hr	<b>2.39</b> (2.01–2.81)	<b>2.69</b> (2.27–3.17)	3.25 (2.72-3.83)	3.75 (3.13-4.44)	<b>4.52</b> (3.71–5.53)	<b>5.17</b> (4.14-6.35)	<b>5.86</b> (4.57-7.32)	6.62 (4.97-8.40)	7.70 (5.59-9.93)	8.57 (6.06-11.1)
2-day	<b>2.69</b> (2.30–3.13)	3.08 (2.62-3.58)	3.75 (3.19-4.36)	<b>4.34</b> (3.67-5.07)	<b>5.21</b> (4.31-6.26)	<b>5.92</b> (4.80-7.17)	6.67 (5.25-8.20)	<b>7.47</b> (5.68-9.34)	8.58 (6.32-10.9)	9.47 (6.80-12.1)
3-day	<b>2.94</b> (2.53-3.40)	3.36 (2.88-3.88)	4.08 (3.49-4.71)	<b>4.71</b> (4.01-5.46)	5.63 (4.69-6.72)	6.38 (5.21-7.67)	<b>7.17</b> (5.69–8.75)	8.00 (6.14-9.94)	<b>9.16</b> (6.80–11.6)	<b>10.1</b> (7.31–12.8)
4-day	3.17 (2.74-3.63)	3.60 (3.11-4.13)	<b>4.34</b> (3.74-4.99)	<b>4.99</b> (4.28-5.76)	5.95 (4.99-7.06)	6.72 (5.52-8.04)	<b>7.54</b> (6.02-9.16)	8.41 (6.49-10.4)	9.61 (7.18–12.1)	<b>10.6</b> (7.71–13.4)
7-day	3.73 (3.26-4.24)	4.20 (3.66-4.78)	5.00 (4.35-5.70)	<b>5.71</b> (4.94-6.52)	<b>6.74</b> (5.71–7.91)	<b>7.58</b> (6.29–8.97)	8.45 (6.83-10.2)	9.38 (7.33-11.5)	10.7 (8.08-13.3)	11.7 (8.65–14.7)
10-day	<b>4.25</b> (3.74–4.80)	<b>4.76</b> (4.17-5.37)	<b>5.62</b> (4.92-6.35)	<b>6.37</b> (5.55–7.22)	7.45 (6.36-8.68)	8.33 (6.97-9.79)	<b>9.24</b> (7.52–11.0)	10.2 (8.04-12.4)	<b>11.5</b> (8.81–14.3)	<b>12.6</b> (9.39–15.8)
20-day	5.82 (5.18-6.49)	<b>6.45</b> (5.74–7.20)	<b>7.50</b> (6.66-8.38)	<b>8.39</b> (7.41–9.39)	9.62 (8.29-11.0)	10.6 (8.96-12.2)	<b>11.6</b> (9.53–13.6)	<b>12.6</b> (10.0–15.1)	13.9 (10.8-17.0)	<b>14.9</b> (11.3–18.5)
30-day	<b>7.20</b> (6.46-7.96)	<b>7.97</b> (7.14–8.82)	<b>9.21</b> (8.23–10.2)	<b>10.2</b> (9.10–11.4)	<b>11.6</b> (10.0–13.1)	<b>12.6</b> (10.7-14.4)	<b>13.6</b> (11.3–15.9)	<b>14.6</b> (11.8–17.4)	<b>15.9</b> (12.4–19.3)	<b>16.9</b> (12.9–20.8)
45-day	9.02 (8.15-9.89)	9.98 (9.02-11.0)	11.5 (10.4-12.7)	<b>12.7</b> (11.4–14.0)	<b>14.2</b> (12.4–15.9)	<b>15.4</b> (13.2–17.4)	<b>16.4</b> (13.7–18.9)	<b>17.4</b> (14.1–20.5)	<b>18.6</b> (14.6–22.4)	<b>19.5</b> (15.0–23.8)
60-day	<b>10.6</b> (9.64–11.6)	<b>11.8</b> (10.7–12.8)	13.5 (12.3-14.8)	<b>14.9</b> (13.4–16.4)	<b>16.6</b> (14.5–18.4)	17.8 (15.3–20.0)	<b>18.9</b> (15.9–21.6)	19.9 (16.2-23.2)	<b>21.0</b> (16.6–25.0)	<b>21.7</b> (16.9–26.4)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.



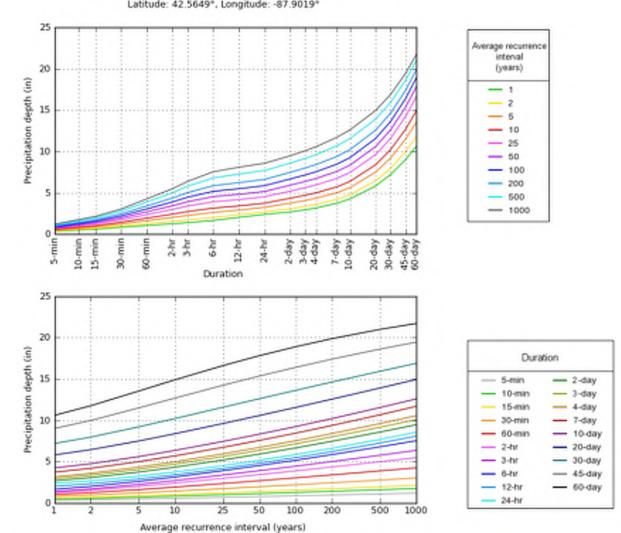
Client	WEC Energy Gro	up	Page	3 of 4	
Project	PPPP LF Run-on a	and Run-of	Rev.	0	
Ву	W. Reybrock	Chk.	A. Schwoerer	App.	A. Schwoerer
Date	02/18/2022	Date	02/23/2022	Date	02/23/2022
103683	Document No.	N/A			

**GEI Project No.** 21

NOAA 14, Vol. 8 Rainfall Analysis and Run-off Volume Subject

# **Graphical Output from the PFDS:**

PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves Latitude: 42.5649°, Longitude: -87.9019°



A Atlas 14. Volume 8. Version 2

Created (GMT): Tue Sep 20 12:51:30 2016

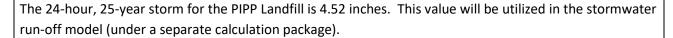
	7	Client	WEC Energy Group			Page	4 of 4
		Project	PPPP LF Run-on and Run-off Control Plan			Rev.	0
GEL		Ву	W. Reybrock	<b>Chk.</b> A. Schwoerer		App.	A. Schwoerer
Consu	Date Date		02/18/2022	Date	02/23/2022	Date	02/23/2022
GEI Project No.		2103683	Document No.	N/A			
Subject NOAA		)AA 14, Vo	ol. 8 Rainfall Analysis and Run-off Volume				

# **Regulations:**

The PPPP Landfill is regulated under 40 CFR Part 257 Subpart D – Standards for Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) in Landfills and Surface Impoundments as an existing landfill. The regulations specify that the landfill must have the following plans in place:

- A run-on control system to prevent flow onto the active portion of the CCR unit during the peak discharge from a 24-hour, 25-year storm.
- A run-off control system from the active portion of the CCR unit to collect and control at least the water volume resulting from a 24-hour, 25-year storm.

#### **Conclusion:**



# **Appendix C**

**FEMA National Flood Insurance Rate Maps** 



# FLOOD HAZARD INFORMATION

SEE RS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDICK MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT THE INFORMATION DEPICTED ON THIS MAP AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION ARE ALSO AVAILABLE IN DIGITAL FORMAT AT HTTP://MSC.FEMA.GOV



----- Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer GENERAL STRUCTURES ..... Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

6 18.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance 17.5 Water Surface Elevation a)----- Coastel Transect Coastal Transect Baseline Profile Baseline Hydrographic Feature ~~573~~ Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study OTHER Jurisdiction Boundary

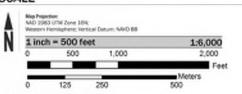
# NOTES TO USERS

Communities amounting land on adjacent FIRMI panels must obtain a current copy of the adjacent panel as well as the current FIRM Index. These may be informed directly from the May Service Center at the number listed above. For community and countywide map dates refer to the Flood Insurance Study report for this juri

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent or sail the hallonal Flood insurance Program at 1-800-608-8620.

See map information shown on the FRMs. denied from digital enhancing/apply provided by Southeastern Visconian Regional Planning Commission (SIDRRPC). The Orthomagery was collected in Spring of 2019 and provided at a reaction of file-story plant late.

# SCALE



# PANEL LOCATOR

Keresha County	0182	0201
0183	0164	0203*
0191	0192	0211

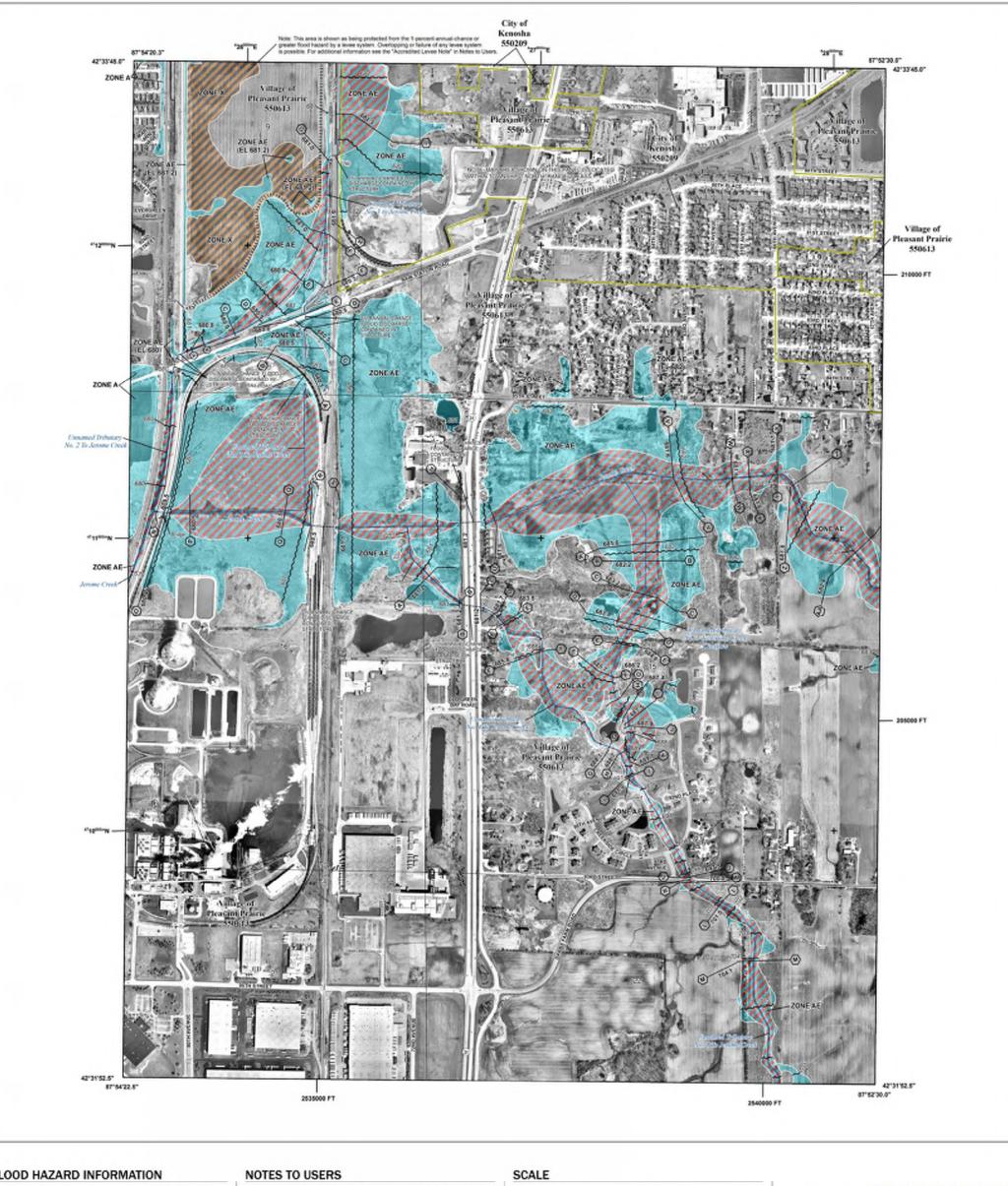
# NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM National Flood Insurance Program FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP KENOSHA COUNTY, WI

PANEL 184 OF 331



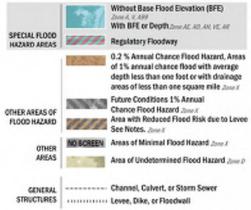


VERSION NUMBER 2.3.3.0 MAP NUMBER 55059C0184E MAP REVISED MARCH 7, 2017





SEE RS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDICK MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT THE INFORMATION DEPICTED ON THIS MAP AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION ARE ALSO AVAILABLE IN DIGITAL FORMAT AT HTTP://MSC.FEMA.GOV



6 18.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance 17.5 Water Surface Elevation

a)----- Coastel Transect Coastal Transect Baseline Profile Baseline

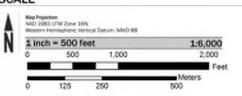
Hydrographic Feature ~~573~~ Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study Jurisdiction Boundary

OTHER

Communities amounting land on adjacent FIRMI panels must obtain a current copy of the adjacent panel as well as the current FIRM Index. These may be informed directly from the May Service Center at the number listed above. For community and countywide map dates refer to the Flood Insurance Study report for this juris

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent or sail the hallonal Flood insurance Program at 1-800-608-8620.

Base may information shown on this FWM, derived from digital orthophologisphy provided by Southeastern Waconesi Regional Pleaning Commission (SERRPC), The Orthomageny was collected in Spring of 2010 and produced at a resolution of free-in-on-pixel state.



# PANEL LOCATOR

Keresha County	0184	0203*
0191	0192	0211
0193	0194	0213

#### NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

KENOSHA COUNTY, WI

PANEL 192 or 331

Panel Contains: COMMUNITY

KENDSHA COUNTY

National Flood Insurance Program

PLEASANT PRAIRIE, VILLAGE OF

550209 550613

PANEL SUFFEX 0192 0192

VERSION NUMBER 2.3.3.0 MAP NUMBER 55059C0192E MAP REVISED

MARCH 7, 2017

# **Appendix D**

**Stormwater Run-off Calculations** 

0350	Client	WEC Energy Gro	up	Page	1 of 11		
	Project	PPPP LF Run-on	and Run-o	Rev.	0		
GEL	By	W. Reybrock	Chk.	A. Schwoerer	App.	J. Trast	
Consulta	Date	02/18/2022	Date	02/23/2022	Date	02/23/2022	
GEI Project No.	2103683	Document No.	N/A				
Subject Stormwater		r Run-off Calculatio	ns				

#### Purpose:

The purpose of this calculation is to model the stormwater run-off associated with 24-hour, 25-year precipitation event at Pleasant Prairie Power Plant (PPPP) Landfill from Cell 1. In addition, this analysis was completed to confirm the current run-off control system for the construction of Cell 1 can adequately manage the 24-hour, 25-year precipitation event.

#### **Design Criteria and Assumptions:**

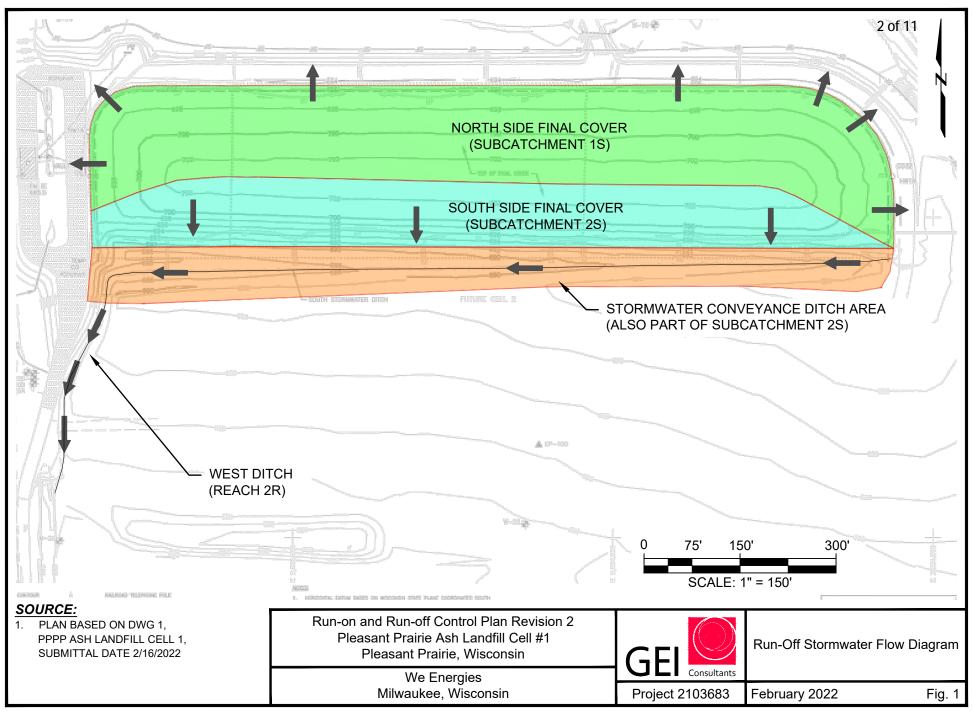
- 1. The rainfall depth estimation for the 24-hour, 25-year event was determined to be 4.52 inches (included under a separated calculation package). The rainfall depth was determined by following procedures outlined in Precipitation-Frequency (PF) Atlas of the United States (Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2: Wisconsin).
- 2. Stormwater on the active portion of the Cell was divided into two subcatchments. Subcatchment 1S consists of the northern 4.46 acres of final cover area, as shown on Figure 1. Run-off from 1S flows away from the covered waste and is allowed to infiltrate into the ground. Subcatchment 2S includes the southern 2.64 acres of final cover and an additional 2.04 acres of conveyance ditch area. Run-off from 2S goes to the west outlet ditch which is directed southward away from the landfill discharging to unnamed tributaries of Jerome Creek. Stormwater flowlines, subcatchments, and the conveyance ditch area are shown on Figure 1.
- 3. The west outlet ditch is modeled conservatively as 12-feet wide, 2-feet deep, with a bottom width of 2 feet.
- 4. HydroCAD 10.0 was used to model the stormwater associated with Cell 1 of the PPPP landfill.
- 5. Subcatchment, reach, and detention parameters are included in the attached HydroCAD Report.

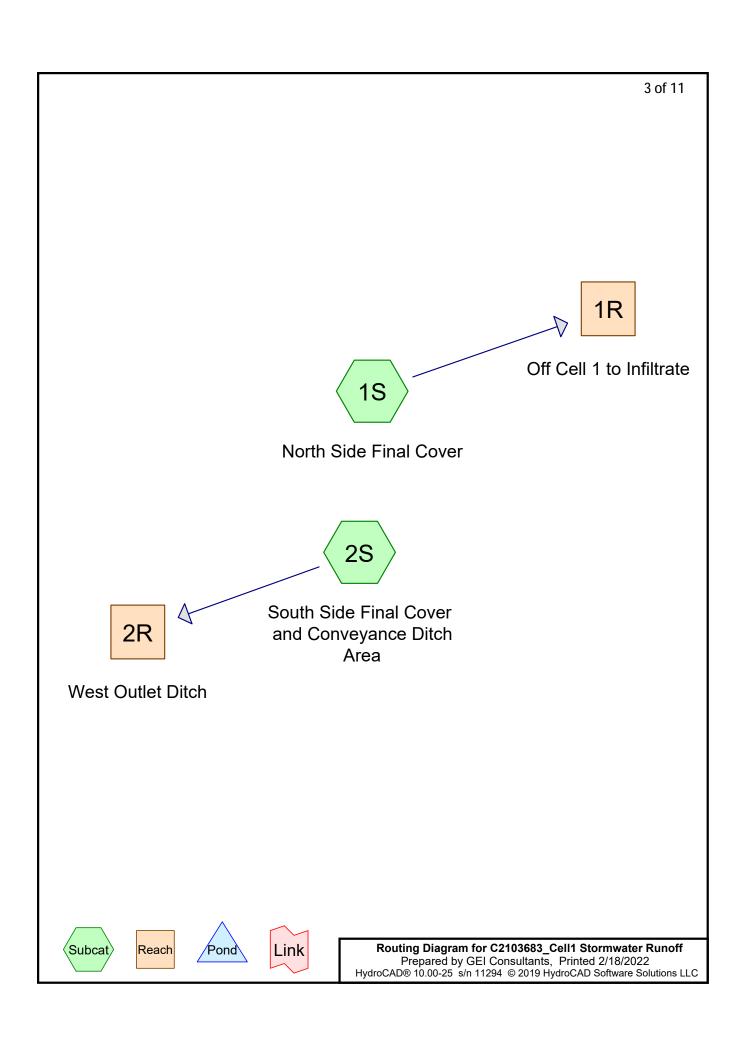
#### Results:

The attached HydroCAD report includes input and output for the stormwater run-off model developed for Cell 1 of the PPPP landfill. The estimated peak water level in the west outlet ditch is 0.94 feet, which is less than the minimum depth of 2 feet. Based on stormwater run-off analysis, the current run-off control system for Cell 1 of PPPP landfill will be able to handle the 24-hour, 25-year precipitation event without the west outlet ditch overflowing.

#### Attachments:

- Figure 1 –Stormwater Conveyance Diagram
- HydroCAD Summary Report





C2103683\_Cell1 Stormwater Runoff
Prepared by GEI Consultants
HydroCAD® 10.00-25 s/n 11294 © 2019 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

4 of 11 Printed 2/18/2022

# **Area Listing (all nodes)**

Area	a CN	Description
(acres	)	(subcatchment-numbers)
9.13	2 86	Pasture/grassland/range, Poor, HSG C (1S, 2S)
9.13	2 86	TOTAL AREA

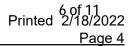
5 of 11 Printed 2/18/2022

C2103683\_Cell1 Stormwater Runoff
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# Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
0.000	HSG A	
0.000	HSG B	
9.132	HSG C	1S, 2S
0.000	HSG D	
0.000	Other	
9.132		TOTAL AREA

C2103683\_Cell1 Stormwater Runoff
Prepared by GEI Consultants
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# **Ground Covers (all nodes)**

 HSG-A (acres)	HSG-B (acres)	HSG-C (acres)	HSG-D (acres)	Other (acres)	Total (acres)	Ground Cover	Subcatchment Numbers
0.000	0.000	9.132	0.000	0.000	9.132	Pasture/grassland/range, Poor	1S, 2S
0.000	0.000	9.132	0.000	0.000	9.132	TOTAL AREA	

### C2103683 Cell1 Stormwater Runoff

Type II 24-hr 25-yr, 24-hr Rainfall=4.52" Printed 2/18/2022

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Page 5

Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1441 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

**Subcatchment1S: North Side Final Cover** Runoff Area=194,197 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.02" Flow Length=150' Slope=0.0500 '/' Tc=10.2 min CN=86 Runoff=19.85 cfs 1.123 af

**Subcatchment2S: South Side Final Cover** Runoff Area=203,581 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.02" Flow Length=1,296' Tc=21.5 min CN=86 Runoff=14.90 cfs 1.177 af

Reach 1R: Off Cell 1 to Infiltrate Inflow=19.85 cfs 1.123 af
Outflow=19.85 cfs 1.123 af

**Reach 2R: West Outlet Ditch**Avg. Flow Depth=0.94' Max Vel=2.33 fps Inflow=14.90 cfs 1.177 af n=0.030 L=313.0' S=0.0050 '/' Capacity=88.17 cfs Outflow=14.54 cfs 1.177 af

Total Runoff Area = 9.132 ac Runoff Volume = 2.299 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.02" 100.00% Pervious = 9.132 ac 0.00% Impervious = 0.000 ac

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Page 6

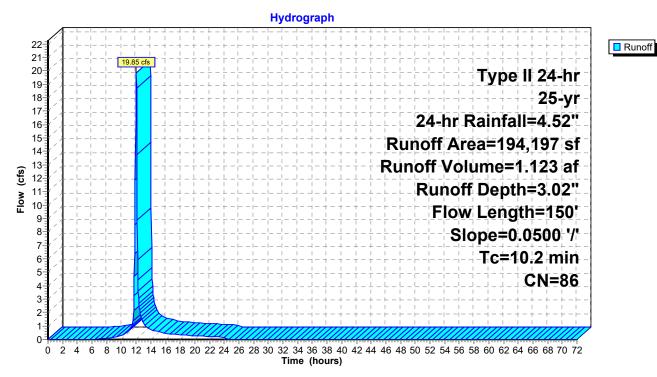
# **Summary for Subcatchment 1S: North Side Final Cover**

Runoff = 19.85 cfs @ 12.01 hrs, Volume= 1.123 af, Depth= 3.02"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 25-yr, 24-hr Rainfall=4.52"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [	Description				
194,197 86 Pasture/grassland/range, I					ssland/ran	ge, Poor, HSG C		
194,197 100.00% Pervious Area					ervious Are	a		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
-	10.2	150	0.0500	0.24	(CIS)	Sheet Flow, Side Slopes		
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 2.69"		

#### **Subcatchment 1S: North Side Final Cover**



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Page 7

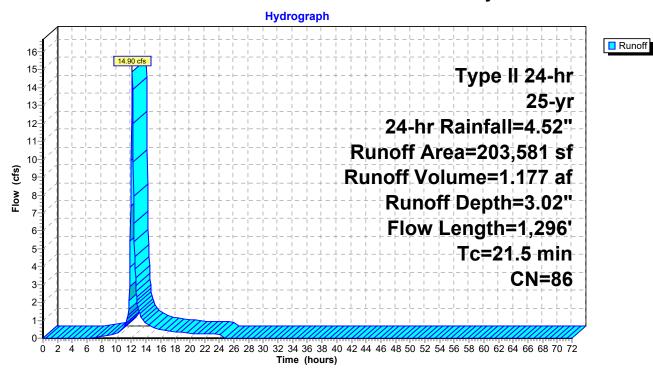
# Summary for Subcatchment 2S: South Side Final Cover and Conveyance Ditch Area

Runoff 14.90 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 1.177 af, Depth= 3.02"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 25-yr, 24-hr Rainfall=4.52"

Area (sf) CN Description							
	203,581 86 Pasture/grassland/range, Poor, HSG C						
203,581 100.00% Pervious Area					ervious Are	ea	
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
-	1.6	32	0.2500	0.34		Sheet Flow, Side Slopes	
	19.9	1,264	0.0050	1.06		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 2.69"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, drainage swale  Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps	
	21.5	1 296	Total	•			

# Subcatchment 2S: South Side Final Cover and Conveyance Ditch Area



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Page 8

# Summary for Reach 1R: Off Cell 1 to Infiltrate

[40] Hint: Not Described (Outflow=Inflow)

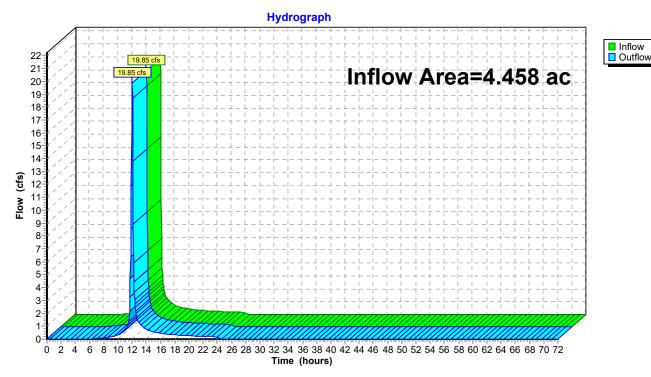
Inflow Area = 4.458 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.02" for 25-yr, 24-hr event

Inflow = 19.85 cfs @ 12.01 hrs, Volume= 1.123 af

Outflow = 19.85 cfs @ 12.01 hrs, Volume= 1.123 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

#### Reach 1R: Off Cell 1 to Infiltrate



Prepared by GEI Consultants

Type II 24-hr 25-yr, 24-hr Rainfall = 4.52" Printed 2/18/2022

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Page 9

# **Summary for Reach 2R: West Outlet Ditch**

Inflow Area = 4.674 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.02" for 25-yr, 24-hr event

Inflow = 14.90 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 1.177 af

Outflow = 14.54 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 1.177 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 4.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 2.33 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.2 min Avg. Velocity = 0.78 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 6.7 min

Peak Storage= 1,967 cf @ 12.17 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.94'

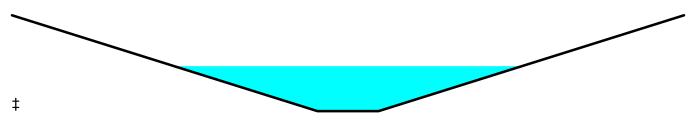
Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 24.0 sf, Capacity= 88.17 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding

Side Slope Z-value= 5.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00'

Length= 313.0' Slope= 0.0050 '/'

Inlet Invert= 686.00', Outlet Invert= 684.43'



#### Reach 2R: West Outlet Ditch

